

External Exposure to Fire Classification Report

Name of client:	ENNOGIE ApS				
Product name:	Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191				
File no.:	PCA10814A				
Date:	2022-07-12	Revision no.:	0		
Pages:	4	Encl.:	0		
Ref:	lia / jag				



TEST Reg.no.0012

Client: ENNOGIE ApS

Address: Orebygårdvej 16

7400 Herning

Denmark



1. Introduction

This classification report defines the classification assigned to the solar roof panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191" in accordance with the procedures given in EN 13501-5:2016.

2. Details of solar roof panel

2.1 Nature and end use application

The solar roof panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191" is defined as an active solar module for use as a roof panel.

Its classification is valid for the product that in the end use application is laid loose onto combustible and non-combustible end-use substrates, cf. 4.3.

2.2 Description

The solar roof panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191" is fully described in the test report in support of the classification listed in 3.1.

3. Reports and test results in support of this classification

3.1 Reports

Name of laboratory	Name of client	Report ref. No	Test method/field	Date
			of application rules	
DBI	ENNOGIE ApS	PFA11943A	CEN/TS 1187 Test 2	2022-06-09

3.2 Test results

Test conditions: Loose laid

Test pitch: 30°

Substrate: Standard substrate of expanded polystyrene with a measured density of 16.3 kg/m³.

Daramator	Criteria		Test results ^a					Compli-ance
Parameter	Mean	Max	Spe.1	Spe.2	Spe.3	Mean	Max	Y/N
Damaged length at 2 m/s – roof covering	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0.060	0.060	0.055	0.058	0.060	Y
Damaged length at 2 m/s – substrate	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0.030	0.040	0.050	0.040	0.050	Y
Damaged length at 4 m/s – roof covering	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0.050	0.060	0.065	0.058	0.065	Y
Damaged length at 4 m/s – substrate	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0	0	0	0	0	Y
^a Not for extended application.								

4. Classification and field of application

4.1 Reference of classification

This classification has been carried out in accordance with EN 13501-5:2016.

4.2 Classification

The solar roof panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191" in relation to its external fire performance is classified: $B_{ROOF}(t2)$.

4.3 Field of application

This classification is valid for the following conditions:

- any combustible and non-combustible substrate with density equal to or greater than 12.5 kg/m³.

5. Limitations

This report does not represent type approval or certification of the product.

Jeppe Ankjær B.Eng. Architectural Engineering

Lina Ivar Andersen B.Sc.Chem.Eng.Hon.



Test Report

Name of client:	ENNOGIE ApS	ENNOGIE ApS				
Product name:	Ennogie Solar Roo	Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191				
File no.:	PFA11943A					
Date:	2022-07-11	Revision no.:	0			
Pages:	4	Encl.:	3			
Ref:	JAG / LIA					



Client: ENNOGIE ApS

Address: Orebygårdvej 16

7400 Herning

Denmark



1. Product

Solar roof module designated Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191 on a standard expanded polystyrene (EPS).

Description (stated by the client)

See enclosure 1 and 2.

2. Manufacturer

Not stated.

3. Nature of test

With reference to Ennogie ApS sampling report dated 2022-06-17, the client desired product type determination (PTD) in accordance with CEN/TS 1187 test 2.

4. Sample

2022-06-01 DBI-Danish Institute of Fire and Security Technology received the following samples:

Eight Solar roof modules, from sample batch 01, with dimensions 900 x 600 x 7.5 mm.

The weight per unit area at 20°C (undried) was 18.3 kg/m² at the state of receipt as determined by weight and measures of the sample.

The samples was marked not marked.

5. Test specimens

Six test specimens were constructed as follows (seen from the top):

- Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0191

laid loose onto a substrate of 50 mm expanded polystyrene (EPS) with dimensions 400 x 1000 mm and a density of 16.3 kg/m³, c.f. CEN/TS 1187:2012 (5.4.2.2.).

The test specimens were supported by a 10 mm thick fibre reinforced calcium silicate board with dry density $640 \pm 70 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

6. Conditioning

On 2022-06-02 the specimens were stored in a conditioning room with an atmosphere of relative humidity of 50 \pm 5% and a temperature of 23 \pm 2°C. The specimens were kept in this room until the tests were performed.

7. Test methods

The test was performed in accordance with:

CEN/TS 1187:2012

Test methods for external fire exposure to roofs. Test 2: Method with burning brands and wind.

8. Test results

Date of test: 2022-06-09

The results are shown in the following table:

Test No.	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Air velocity (m/s)	2	2	2	4	4	4		
	Time (minutes.seconds)							
End of flaming in crib	3:39	3:48	3:32	2:38	2:48	2:38		
End of glowing	8:57	7:46	7:08	5:57	4:55	5:53		
		Length of	^f damage, mn	n				
(as	s measured fo	orm the centr	e of the sour	ce of the fire) in the			
- roof covering	60	60	55	50	60	65		
- substrate	30	40	50	0	0	0		

For Photos of the test specimens after test see enclosure 3.

9. Statement

The test results relate to the behaviour of the test specimens of a product under the particular conditions of the test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

Lina Ivar Andersen B.Sc.Chem.Eng.Hon.

Jeppe Ankjær B.Eng. Architectural Engineering

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Active module data sheet

ERS-0191 (130 W)



Mechanical

Length	1.302 mm	
Width	665 mm	
Height	30-40 mm (sloping)	
Weight per module	13,5 kg	
Front cover	3,2 mm textured, tempered glass, no AR coating	
Back cover	3,2 mm textured, tempered glass, no AR coating	
Back rail	0,6 mm coated steel, CR5, RAL 9005 (black)	
Appearance of solar panel	All black, including bus bars	
lunction box protection class	IP67	
Cable cross section	4 mm²	
Length of cables	2 x 1.200 mm + 2 x 150 mm	
Connector	MC4 compatible	

Installation

C-C distance, vertical	1.190 mm	
C-C distance, horisontal	625 mm	
Mounting system	Built into module - no exposed screws	
Weight per m ²	18 kg	
Coverage per module	0,744 m ²	
Wind / Snow Load	2.400 Pa	

Electrical

Cell type	Mono c-Si, shingled				
Cell layout	Two parallel strings of 76 active cells				
By-pass diode	Active, low loss, internal. In series with positive connector				
Nominal power [-0/+3] (P _{MPP})	130 W				
Nominal power per m ²	175 W				
Current at max. power (I _{MPP})	3,10 A				
Voltage at max. power (V _{MPP})	41,94 V				
Short circuit current (Isc)	3,26 A				
Open circuit voltage (Voc)	51,10 V				

15-02-2022

Active module data sheet

🗂 Ennogie

ERS-0191 (130 W)

Detailed drawing of module





15-02-2022



PFA11943A	9FA11843 A	977711943 A
4m/s 4	47/3 5	4m/s 6.
sac. 50 E95 D	60 0	65 0



External Exposure to Fire Classification Report

Name of client:	ENNOGIE ApS				
Product name:	Ennogie Solar Root	Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204			
File no.:	PCA10814B				
Date:	2022-07-12	Revision no.:	0		
Pages:	4	Encl.:	0		
Ref:	lia / jag				



TEST Reg.no.0012

Client: ENNOGIE ApS

Address: Orebygårdvej 16

7400 Herning

Denmark



1. Introduction

This classification report defines the classification assigned to the solar roof adapter panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204" in accordance with the procedures given in EN 13501-5:2016.

2. Details of adapter panel

2.1 Nature and end use application

Solar roof adapter panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204" is defined as an inactive solar module for use as a roof panel.

Its classification is valid for the product that in the end use application is laid loose onto combustible and noncombustible end-use substrates, cf. 4.3.

2.2 Description

Solar roof adapter panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204" is fully described in the test report in support of the classification listed in 3.1.

3. Reports and test results in support of this classification

3.1 Reports

Name of laboratory	Name of client	Report ref. No	Test method/field	Date
			of application rules	
DBI	ENNOGIE ApS	PFA11943B	CEN/TS 1187 Test 2	2022-06-09

3.2 Test results

Test conditions: Loose laid.

Test pitch: 30°

Substrate: Standard substrate of expanded polystyrene with a measured density of 16.3 kg/m³.

Daramator	Criteria		Test results ^a					Compliance
Parameter	Mean	Max	Spe.1	Spe.2	Spe.3	Mean	Max	Y/N
Damaged length at 2 m/s – roof covering	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0.100	0.100	0.095	0.098	0.100	Y
Damaged length at 2 m/s – substrate	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0	0	0	0	0	Y
Damaged length at 4 m/s – roof covering	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0.095	0.085	0.090	0.090	0.095	Y
Damaged length at 4 m/s – substrate	≤ 0,550 m	≤ 0,800 m	0	0	0	0	0	Y
^a Not for extended application.								

4. Classification and field of application

4.1 Reference of classification

This classification has been carried out in accordance with EN 13501-5:2016.

4.2 Classification

The solar roof adapter panel "Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204" in relation to its external fire performance is classified: $B_{ROOF}(t2)$.

4.3 Field of application

This classification is valid for the following conditions:

- any combustible and non-combustible substrate with density equal to or greater than 12.5 kg/m³

5. Limitations

This report does not represent type approval or certification of the product.

Jeppe Ankjær B.Eng. Architectural Engineering

Lina Ivar Andersen B.Sc.Chem.Eng.Hon.



Test Report

Name of client:	ENNOGIE ApS			
Product name:	Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204			
File no.:	PFA11943B	PFA11943B		
Date:	2022-07-11	Revision no.:	0	
Pages:	4	Encl.:	3	
Ref:	JAG / LIA			



Client: ENNOGIE ApS

Address: Orebygårdvej 16

7400 Herning

Denmark



1. Product

Solar roof adapter module designated Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204 on a standard substrate of expanded polystyrene (EPS).

Description (stated by the client)

The adapter modules consisting of Larson FR panels coated with JetBlack PVDF glued to a metal bar each side, for further see enclosure 1 and 2.

2. Manufacturer

Alucoil, Spain.

3. Nature of test

With reference to Ennogie ApS sampling report dated 2022-06-17, the client desired product type determination (PTD) in accordance with CEN/TS 1187 test 2.

4. Sample

2022-06-01 DBI-Danish Institute of Fire and Security Technology received the following samples:

Eight Solar roof adapter modules, sample batch 01 FG202204-06-B, with dimensions 900 x 600 x 6.4 mm.

The weight per unit area at 20°C (undried) was 12.5 kg/m² at the state of receipt as determined by weight and measures of the sample.

The samples was marked not marked.

5. Test specimens

Six test specimens were constructed as follows (seen from the top):

– Ennogie Solar Roof, ERS-0204

laid loose onto a substrate of 50 mm expanded polystyrene (EPS) with dimensions 400 x 1000 mm and a density of 16.3 kg/m³, c.f. CEN/TS 1187:2012 (5.4.2.2.).

The test specimens were supported by a 10 mm thick fibre reinforced calcium silicate board with dry density $640 \pm 70 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

6. Conditioning

On 2022-06-02 the specimens were stored in a conditioning room with an atmosphere of relative humidity of 50 \pm 5% and a temperature of 23 \pm 2°C. The specimens were kept in this room until the tests were performed.

7. Test methods

The test was performed in accordance with:

CEN/TS 1187:2012

Test methods for external fire exposure to roofs. Test 2: Method with burning brands and wind.

8. Test results

Date of test: 2022-

The results are shown in the following table:

Test No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Air velocity (m/s)	2	2	2	4	4	4
Time (minutes.seconds)						
End of flaming in crib	3:05	3:08	3:12	2:48	2:38	2:14
End of glowing	7:36	7:24	7:29	5:02	5:16	4:52
Length of damage, mm						
(as measured form the centre of the source of the fire) in the						
- roof covering	100	100	95	95	85	90
- substrate	0	0	0	0	0	0

For photos of the test specimens after test see enclosure 3.

9. Statement

The test results relate to the behaviour of the test specimens of a product under the particular conditions of the test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

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Lina Ivar Andersen B.Sc.Chem.Eng.Hon.

Jeppe Ankjær B.Eng. Architectural Engineering



Fire class architectural **B-s1, d0** according EN 13501-1



larson • FR aluminium composite panel, is a high-tech product for architectural façade cladding. It is formed with two aluminium sheets, 5005 alloy, bonded by a mineral fire retardant (FR) core. Alucoil • has developed a core that delays panel combustion which allows this material to achieve B-s1, d0 classification, according to the EN 13501-1 standard.

Panel features	larson® FR
Panel thickness	3 / 4 / 6 (mm)
Panel weight	6,14 / 7,78 / 11,06 (kg/m²)
Aluminium thickness	0,5 (mm)
Moment of inertia (I)	1583 / 3070 / 8630 (mm ⁴ /m)
Rigidity (EI)	1108 / 2150 / 6041 (kNcm²/m)
Standard width	1000 - 1250 - 1500 (mm)
Min. / max. length	2000 - 8000 (mm)
Core	MINERAL FIRE RETARDANT
Reaction to fire test	B-s1, d0 ⁽²⁾ EN 13501-1 BS 8414-1 ⁽²⁾ Full scale test NFPA 285 ⁽⁴⁾ Full scale test
Aluminium features	
Modulus of elasticity (E)	70000 (N/mm²)
Ultimate tensile strength (R _m)	125 <r<sub>m<185 (N/mm²)</r<sub>
Elasticity limit (R _{p0,2})	>80 (N/mm²)
Elongation (A)	>3 (%)
Standard aluminium alloy	5005 th EN 573-3
Aluminium thermal expansion	2,3 mm/m Δ100°C
Coated surface	a) PVdF 2L Coastal 31µ b) NEW fluoriac * Feve LUMIFLON™ 30µ c) DG5 High Durable Polyester: DG5 2L Coastal 35µ & DG5 3L Coastal 55µ

¹⁰Other alloy availables. Alunatural finishes – alloy 3000. ⁹Alucoll®'s vertical riveted & 45mm cassette installation systems. ⁹Details of tested constructive system appear in Tecnalia's 070717-002A report. ¹⁰Details of tested constructive system appear in Intertek's 1029361145AT-004B report. Extended technical data sheet available upon request. Some of the information that appears in the catalogue could be estimated or extrapolated. Please request with Alucoil®'s technical department to confirm exact values to be used in specific calculations or projects.

Coating possibilities

PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride). Coating based on PVDF resins (Kynar and Hylar as main brands) with extraordinary performance. Nominal paint thickness:

- a) PVDF 2L Coastal: 31 µ approx.
- Gloss levels from 20 to 40 g.u.
- Excellent colour stability, almost no chalking and very good chemical resistance.
- Great protection against weathering, UV radiation and atmospheric contaminants.
- Outstanding flexibility for profiling, bending and roll forming.
- Recommended for demanding environments like industrial and coastal areas, airports, etc.

DG5 (High Durable Polyester). Coating based on HDP resins.

Nominal paint thicknes

- a) DG5 2L Coastal: 35 µ approx, (depending on the colour)
- b) DG5 3L Coastal: 55 µ approx, (depending on the colour)
- c) **DG5**: 25 µ approx.
- Gloss levels from 10 to 90 g.u.
- Outstanding protection against weathering, UV radiation and atmospheric contaminants.
- Excellent hardness and flexibility for profiling, bending and roll forming.

PUR/PA (Polyurethane/Polymainde). Coating based on polyurethane resins.

- Very flexible and good formability.
- Good chemical resistance.
- Outstanding scratch resistance and high abrasion resistance.
- Good substrate adhesion: also used in primer systems.

NEW fluorlac® Coating for **larson®** panels

FEVE LUMIFLON™ 2 LAYERS. LUMIFLON™ fluoropolymer resins based coating with a nominal thickness of 30µ, (depending on the colour).

COLOURS:

- RAL & NCS colour charts with matt, satin and high gloss finishes.
- Matched colours.

QUANTITIES:

- Orders from 75 sqm.
- Panel dimensions:
 - a) larson ® FR (orders from 75 m² till 300 m²):
 - 1575x5000 mm / 1575x4000 mm
 - 1500x5000 mm / 1500x4000 mm / 1500x3200 mm
 - 1250x5000 mm / 1250x4000 mm / 1250x3200 mm

SERVICES:

- Very short delivery times, 2-3 weeks.
- One face coated with a protective film of 100µ thick.

Other characteristics:

Excellent weatherability and chemical resistance.

PVDF 2L Coastal: 31µ

High abrasion resistance.

b) larson® A2 (orders from 75 m² till 500 m²):

- 1500x5000 mm / 1500x4000 mm
- 1250x5000 mm / 1250x4000 mm



DG5 2L Coastal (HDP): 35µ

PUR/PA: 16µ (alunatural finishes)



